SPAFID
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| Informazione | Data/Ora Ricezione |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Regolamentata n. | 26 Agosto 2019 | MTA - Star |
| $1938-41-2019$ | $16: 51: 01$ |  |

Societa' : Aquafil S.P.A.
Identificativo : 122044
Informazione
Regolamentata
Nome utilizzatore : AQUAFILNSSO2 - Tonelli
Tipologia : 1.2
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Oggetto : Results for the First Half of 2019

## Testo del comunicato

Vedi allegato.

RESULTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2019

## ONGOING GROWTH OF ECONYL® REVENUES, UP 4.5\%

US-BASED O'MARA Inc. ACQUIRED ON MAY 31, 2019

- Revenues at June 30, 2019: €286.7 million (-1.6\% compared to H1 2018);
- EBITDA: €39.1 million; (-13.1\% compared to H1 2018);
- Adjusted EBIT: €22.3 million (-30.0\% compared to H1 2018);
- Net profit: €10.7 million (-45.7\% compared to H1 2018);
- Net financial position: $€ 263.7$ million, including the effect of the adoption of IFRS16 and the acquisition of O'Mara Incorporated (excluding the effect of the adoption of IFRS16 and the consideration for the acquisition of O'Mara Incorporated, €197,2 million vs $€ 157.3$ million at December 31, 2018).

Arco, August 26, 2019 - The Board of Directors of Aquafil S.p.A. [ECNL:IM] approved today the Company's operating and financial results at June 30, 2019.

## Giulio Bonazzi, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, stated:

"In May we finalized the acquisition of the US company O'Mara Incorporated, which marks the beginning of the globalisation process of the textiles business. We think the presence on the US market of our manufacturing unit will foster the development of ECONYL ${ }^{\circledR}$ and DRYARN ${ }^{\circledR}$ products as well.
The first month of operations already showed very interesting margins.

The revenues generated by the sale of $E C O N Y L^{\circledR}$ branded products grew also in this six-month period, testifying to the ongoing market's interest in a circular economy. Amongst the various collaborations underway, during the six-month period Prada, Burberry and Napapiri launched their collections prominently advertising the use of the ECONYL ${ }^{\circledR}$ ingredient in their products. Particularly, Prada announced its intention to use only ECONYL ${ }^{\circledR}$ branded nylon by 2021.

Regarding our European presence, it continues to be a rather weak outlet market, as a result of the economic cycle trend. Asia and Oceania showed signs of weakness during the second quarter due to the world trade slowdown and the tariff war. By contrast, North America continues to grow, albeit with still modest margins, due to shipping costs and duties resulting from the support by European productions. During the second half of the year, the start of operations of the new production plants in the US will also lead to a margins' recovery and a significant working capital improvement.

The development of the production technology of the Aquafil Carpet Recycling in Phoenix took longer than expected, however, thanks to the latest technical solutions adopted we expect to achieve full operation in Q4 2019."

## Main economic indicators - Aquafil Group

## Revenues

Revenues amounted to €286.7 million in H1 2019, of which €141.5 million in Q2 2019, with a $1.6 \%$ and $5.6 \%$ decrease compared to the same periods of the previous year, respectively.

On a like-for-like consolidation basis, thus excluding the acquisition of O'Mara Incorporated occurred on May 31, 2019, the decline in revenues would have been by $2.6 \%$ and $8.0 \%$ compared to the same periods of the previous year.

Revenues from sales of ECONYL ${ }^{\circledR}$ branded products increased by $4.5 \%$ and $1.1 \%$ at June 30, 2019 and in Q2 2019, compared to the same periods of the previous years, accounting for $37.3 \%$ of total fiber sales.

Sales in percentage terms by Product Line in H1 and Q2 2019 were as follows:


Sales by Product Line compared to the same periods of the previous year were as follows:

| Revenues ( $€$ /mil) <br> by Product Line | H119 | H118 | $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ | $\Delta$ <br> $\%$ | Q219 | Q218 | $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ | $\Delta$ <br> $\%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| BCF (fiber for carpet) | 210,4 | 210,3 | 0,2 | $0,1 \%$ | 104,0 | 113,1 | $(9,1)$ | $-8,1 \%$ |
| NTF (fiber for fabrics) | 53,4 | 50,6 | 2,7 | $5,4 \%$ | 26,2 | 24,2 | 2,0 | $8,4 \%$ |
| Polymers | 22,9 | 30,4 | $(7,5)$ | $-24,7 \%$ | 11,3 | 13,2 | $(1,8)$ | $-14,0 \%$ |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{2 8 6 , 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 1 , 3}$ | $\mathbf{( 4 , 6 )}$ | $\mathbf{- 1 , 6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 1 , 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 0 , 4}$ | $\mathbf{( 8 , 9 )}$ | $\mathbf{- 5 , 9 \%}$ |

The comparison shows that:
(a) revenues from the BCF Product Line (yarn for carpets) were nearly unchanged in H 12019 , whereas they decreased by $8.1 \%$ in Q2 2019. Said results are partially attributable to the lower revenues generated by Aquafil Engineering GmbH , a company providing chemical industrial plant engineering, compared to the same periods of the previous year. Excluding this effect, revenues would have increased by $2.5 \%$ in H 12019 and would have declined by $5.1 \%$ in Q2 2019. These changes were mainly due to:
i. increased revenues in North America, where the Group further benefited from the withdrawal of some types of products by a primary competitor;
ii. a decline in revenues in EMEA, with a marked slowdown in the end market, as a consequence of the economic cycle underway;
iii. a decline in revenues in Asia and Oceania in Q2 2019 following the emergence of signs of weakness in the end market due to the world trade slowdown and the tariff war;
(b) revenues from the NTF Product Line (yarn for garments) increased by 5.4\% in H 12019 and $8.4 \%$ in Q2 2019. On a like-for-like consolidation basis, thus excluding the acquisition of O'Mara Incorporated occurred on May 31, 2019, the decline in revenues would have been by $0.8 \%$ in H 12019 and $4.5 \%$ in Q2 2019, due to lower sales generated in EMEA;
(c) revenues from the Polymers Product Line decreased by $24.7 \%$ in H 12019 and by $14.0 \%$ in Q2 2019, both due to the decision to allocate the internally manufactured polymers to fiber production and the lower sales generated in EMEA and North America.

Sales in percentage terms by Geographical Area in H1 and Q2 2019 were as follows:
\% of Revenues by Geographical Area


Sales by Geographical Area compared to the same periods of the previous year were as follows:

| Revenues (€/mil) <br> by Geographical Area | $\mathbf{H 1 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{H 1 1 8}$ | $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ | $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ <br> $\%$ | Q219 | Q218 | $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ | $\Delta$ <br> $\%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| EMEA | 176,5 | 194,8 | $(18,3)$ | $-9,4 \%$ | 85,3 | 94,0 | $(8,7)$ | $-9,2 \%$ |
| North America | 62,0 | 48,0 | 14,0 | $29,2 \%$ | 31,3 | 25,7 | 5,6 | $21,6 \%$ |
| Asia Oceania | 47,6 | 48,3 | $(0,7)$ | $-1,5 \%$ | 24,4 | 30,6 | $(6,1)$ | $-20,1 \%$ |
| RoW | 0,5 | 0,2 | 0,3 | $165,1 \%$ | 0,3 | 0,2 | 0,1 | $70,9 \%$ |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{2 8 6 , 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 1 , 3}$ | $\mathbf{( 4 , 6 )}$ | $\mathbf{- 1 , 6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 1 , 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 0 , 5}$ | $\mathbf{( 9 , 2 )}$ | $\mathbf{- 6 , 1 \%}$ |

From the comparison it is evident that:
(a) revenues generated in EMEA declined by 9.4\% in H 12019 and by 9.2\% in Q2 2019, due to the lower sales by all Group's Product Lines as a result of the economic cycle currently underway;
(b) revenues generated in North America grew by 29.2\% in H 12019 and by 21.6\% in Q2 2019. On a like-for-like consolidation basis, thus excluding the acquisition of O'Mara Incorporated occurred on May 31, 2019, the increase would have been by 22.7\% in H 12019 and 9.5\% in Q2 2019. The increases on a like-for-like consolidation basis are almost exclusively attributable to the higher sales from the BCF Product Line;
(c) revenues generated in Asia and Oceania decreased by 1.5\% in H 12019 and by 20.1\% in Q2 2019. Said decreases are partially attributable to the lower revenues generated by Aquafil Engineering GmbH , a company providing chemical industrial plant engineering, compared to the same periods of the previous year. Excluding this effect, revenues would have increased by $10.3 \%$ in H 12019 and would have declined by $9.9 \%$ in Q2 2019. Said differences were attributable to revenues of the BCF Product Line which rose during H 1 2019, also due to the acquisition of Invista's assets, while declining in Q2 2019 following the emergence of signs of weakness of the end market due to the world trade slowdown and the tariff war.

EBITDA amounted to $€ 39.1$ million in H1 2019, of which $€ 20.0$ million in Q2 2019, with a decline by $13.1 \%$ and by $11.9 \%$ compared to the same periods of the previous year. Excluding the effect of IFRS16 and the acquisition of the company O'Mara Incorporated, EBITDA for H1 2019 would have been $€ 35.0$ million, of which $€ 17.4$ million in Q2 2019, with a decrease by $28.4 \%$ and by $30.2 \%$ compared to the same periods of the previous year.
The EBITDA decline in the reporting period was mainly attributable to:
a) the higher production costs, amounting to approximately $€ 3$ million, of ECONYL ${ }^{\circledR}$ caprolactam after Aquafil's Carpet Recycling \#1 (ACR\#1) plants, dedicated to the recovery of carpets that have reached the end of their useful life, started to operate;
b) the higher shipping costs and costs for import duties, for approximately $€ 2.5$ million, arising from productions made in Europe so as to temporarily meet the demand increase on the North American market until the completion of the works for expanding the production capacity on site, expected for the fourth quarter of 2019;
c) the impact, for approximately $€ 2.0$ million, of demand slowdown in EMEA, with the ensuing lower use of production plants and the lower absorption of fixed costs for the period.

EBITDA Margin was 13.6\% in H 12019 and 14.1\% in Q2 2019. Excluding the effect of IFRS16 and the acquisition of the company O'Mara Incorporated, EBITDA margin would have been $12.3 \%$ in H1 2019 and $12.6 \%$ in Q2 2019, compared to $15.4 \%$ and $15.1 \%$ of the same periods of the previous year.

Amortisation, depreciation and write-downs amounted to €16.8 million in H1 2019, of which $€ 8.7$ million in Q2 2019, with an increase by $€ 3.7$ million and $€ 2.0$ million compared to the same periods of the previous year.
This change is mostly attributable to the effects of the application of IFRS16.

Adjusted EBIT amounted to €22.3 million in H 1 2019, of which $€ 11.2$ million in Q2 2019, with a decline by $30.0 \%$ and $29.4 \%$ compared to the same periods of the previous year.

EBIT amounted to €17.1 million in H 12019 , of which $€ 8.1$ million in Q2 2019, with a decline by $37.7 \%$ and $28 \%$ compared to the same periods of the previous year.

Net interest expenses amounted to €2.6 million in H1 2019, of which €2.1 million in Q2 2019. Excluding the contribution of a $€ 1.1$ million non-recurring income, this item increased by $€ 0.7$ million and $€ 0.5$ million compared to the same periods of the previous year.
This change is entirely attributable to the increase of financial debt.

FX gains and losses: FX losses amounted to $€ 0.2$ million in H 12019 and $€ 1.2$ million in Q2 2019 , with an increase by $€ 0.7$ million and $€ 2.4$ million compared to the same periods of the previous year.

Income taxes amounted to $€ 3.6$ million in H 12019 , of which $€ 1.8$ million in Q2 2019, with a decrease by $€ 1.8$ million and $€ 1.0$ million compared to the same periods of the previous year. The tax rate, calculated as the ratio of income taxes to the profit before taxes, amounted to 25.4\% in H1 2019 and 37.3\% in Q2 2019, increasing compared to 21.7\% and 22.4\% for the same periods of the previous year, respectively.
The change, totally for Q2 2019, was chiefly attributable to a "non-recurring" effect on deferred taxes, as well as to greater provisions for the regional production tax (IRAP) due to a possible transition to another IRAP regime by the Parent company Aquafil S.p.A.

Net profit amounted to $€ 10.7$ million in H1 2019, of which $€ 3.0$ million in Q2 2019 with a decline by $45.7 \%$ and $69.7 \%$ compared to the same periods of the previous year.

## Main capital and financial indicators - Aquafil Group

Investments for the reporting period amounted to $€ 32.6$ million, excluding the effect of the application of IFRS16 and the acquisition of O'Mara Incorporated.
They are chiefly a consequence of: (a) increasing the production capacity of ECONYL ${ }^{\circledR}$ regenerated caprolactam, also through the construction of the two Carpet Recycling plants in Phoenix and Sacramento, (b) expanding the production capacity in the United States, (c) projects to improve the production and industrial efficiency, and (d) interventions to technologically upgrade the existing plants.

The change of Net working capital for the period was $€ 22.8$ million, excluding the effect of the acquisition of O'Mara Incorporated.
This change was partially due to the customary increase in receivables from customers for higher revenues generated in Q2 2019 compared to Q4 2018.
However, it was mainly attributable to the North American business which, on the one hand seized occasional opportunities to purchase raw material at interesting prices, and on the other was impacted by the logistical inefficiency due to European productions supporting the increase of the North-American demand.

Net financial position amounted to €263.5 million at June 30, 2019.
Excluding the effect of the adoption of IFRS16 ( $€ 29.7$ million) and the consideration for the acquisition of O'Mara Incorporated ( $€ 36.6$ million), Net Financial Position would have been $€ 197.2$ million compared to $€ 157.3$ million at December 31 , 2018, with an increase of $€ 39.9$ million.
This increase is mainly attributable to the following cash flows (in euro million):
(a) +33.8 from operation activities;
(b) - 32.6 from investments;
(c) -22.8 from change in net working capital;
(d) - 12.3 from dividend payment;
(e) - 2.4 from interest and taxes paid.

Declaration of the appointed manager
"The Manager responsible for preparing the Company's financial reports, Sergio Calliari, declares, pursuant to Paragraph 2 of Article 154-bis of the Consolidated Finance Law, that the accounting information contained in this press release corresponds to the company's records, ledgers and accounting entries."

Founded in 1969, Aquafil is one of the main players, in Italy and worldwide, in the production of Polyamide 6 (nylon 6). The Aquafil Group operates in eight countries of three different continents, with over 2,700 employees at the 17 production plants located in Italy, Germany, Scotland, Slovenia, Croatia, Unites States, Thailand and China. For further details: www.aquafil.com

Aquafil is a pioneer in the circular economy also thanks to the ECONYL® regeneration system, an innovative and sustainable process able to create new products from waste and give life to an endless cycle. The Nylon waste is collected in locations all over the world and includes industrial waste but also products (such as fishing nets and rugs) that have reached the end of their useful life. Such waste is processed so as to obtain a raw material (caprolactam) with the same chemical and performance characteristics as those from fossil sources. The polymers produced from ECONYL® caprolactam are distributed to the Group's production plants, where they are transformed into BCF yarn and NTF yarn.

## For further information

## Investors Contact

Karim Tonelli
investor.relations@aquafil.com
mob: +39 3486022.950

Barabino \& Partners IR
T: +39 02 72.02.35.35
Stefania Bassi
s.bassi@barabino.it
mob: +39 3356282.667
Agota Dozsa
a.dozsa@barabino.it
mob: +39 3387424.061

## Media Contact

Barabino \& Partners
T: +39 02 72.02.35.35
Federico Vercellino
f.vercellino@barabino.it
mob: +39 3315745.171
synthetic fibres and polymers

Appendix 1 - EBITDA e Adjusted Operating Results

| RECONCILIATION FROM NET PROFIT TO EBITDA €/000 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Half Year } \\ 2019 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Half Year } \\ 2018 \end{array}$ | Second Quarter 2019 | Second Quarter 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Profit (Including Portion Attr. to Minority ) | 10.654 | 19.614 | 2.958 | 9.764 |
| Income Taxes | 3.637 | 5.424 | 1.757 | 2.827 |
| Amortisation \& Depreciation | 16.574 | 12.364 | 8.536 | 6.292 |
| Write-downs \& Write-backs of intangible and tangible assets | 224 | 769 | 189 | 469 |
| Financial items (*) | 4.586 | 4.455 | 4.207 | 1.362 |
| No recurring items (**) | 3.396 | 2.312 | 2.310 | 1.946 |
| EBITDA | 39.070 | 44.938 | 19.957 | 22.659 |
| Revenue | 286.667 | 291.291 | 141.339 | 150.484 |
| EBITDA Margin | 13,6\% | 15,4\% | 14,1\% | 15,1\% |
| RECONCILIATION FROM EBITDA TO | Half Year | Half Year | Second Quarter | Second Quarter |
| EBIT ADJUSTED $€ / 000$ | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| EBITDA | 39.070 | 44.938 | 19.957 | 22.659 |
| Amortisation \& Depreciation | 16.574 | 12.364 | 8.536 | 6.292 |
| Write-downs \& Write-backs of intangible and tangible assets | 224 | 769 | 189 | 469 |
| EBIT Adjusted | 22.273 | 31.805 | 11.232 | 15.899 |
| Revenue | 286.667 | 291.291 | 141.339 | 150.484 |
| EBIT Adjusted Margin | 7,8\% | 10,9\% | 7,9\% | 10,6\% |

(*) The financial items include: (i) non-recurring financial income of Euro 1.1 million in the period ending June 30, 2019 (ii) financial charges of Euro 3.7 million and Euro 3.0 million respectively in the periods ending June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, (iii) cash discounts of Euro 1.7 million end Euro 2.0 million respectively in the periods ending June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, and (iv) exchange losses of Euro 0.2 million and exchange gains of Euro 0.5 million respectively in the periods ending June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.
${ }^{(* *)}$ This includes (i) non-recurring charges related to the expansion of the Aquafil Group and other corporate transactions for Euro 2.3 million and 1,6 million respectively in the periods ending June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, (ii) non-recurring industrial charghes of Euro 0.6 million for the period ending June 30, 2019, (iii) costs for restructuring and the regularisation of expatriated personnel for Euro 0.1 million and Euro 0.4 million respectively in the periods ending June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 and (iv) other non-recurring charges of Euro 0.4 million and Euro 0.3 million respectively in the periods ending June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.
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Appendix 2 - Consolidated Balance Sheet

| CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET €/000 | At June 30, | At December 31, 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Intangible Assets | 17.138 | 15.992 |
| Goodwill | 14.040 | - |
| Tangible Assets | 252.001 | 189.661 |
| Financial Assets | 750 | 404 |
| of which related parties | 312 | 79 |
| Other Assets | 2.191 | 2.189 |
| Deferred Tax Assets | 6.802 | 7.841 |
| Total Non-Current Assets | 292.922 | 216.087 |
| Inventories | 193.726 | 189.678 |
| Trade Receivable | 42.973 | 34.046 |
| of which related parties | 30 | 66 |
| Financial Current Assets | 1.525 | 2.878 |
| Current Tax Receivables | 1.139 | 451 |
| Other Current Assets | 14.119 | 14.297 |
| of which related parties | 1.644 | 1.859 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 89.032 | 103.277 |
| Total Current Assets | 342.514 | 344.627 |
| Total Current Assets | 635.436 | 560.714 |
| Share Capital | 49.722 | 49.722 |
| Reserves | 81.814 | 62.969 |
| Group Net Profit for the year | 10.981 | 31.119 |
| Group Shareholders Equity | 142.518 | 143.810 |
| Net Equity attributable to minority interest | 1 | 1 |
| Net Profit for the year attributable to minority interest | - | 0 |
| Total Sharholders Equity | 142.519 | 143.811 |
| Employee Benefits | 5.713 | 5.702 |
| Non-Current Financial Liabilities | 296.618 | 224.345 |
| of which related parties | 13.495 | - |
| Provisions for Risks and Charges | 1.305 | 1.169 |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities | 5.014 | 3.582 |
| Other Payables | 13.599 | 11.833 |
| Total Non-Current Liabilities | 322.249 | 246.631 |
| Current Financial Liabilities | 57.467 | 39.090 |
| of which related parties | 4.075 | - |
| Current Tax Payables | 1.669 | 2.270 |
| Trade Payables | 89.377 | 106.895 |
| of which related parties | 181 | 762 |
| Other Liabilities | 22.155 | 22.017 |
| of which related parties | 236 | 230 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 170.669 | 170.272 |
| Total Equity and Liabilities | 635.436 | 560.714 |

Appendix 3 -Consolidated Income Statement


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## Appendix 4 -Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

| CASH FLOW STATEMENT $€ / 000$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { At June 30, } \\ 2019 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { At June 30, } \\ 2018 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operation Activities |  |  |
| Net Profit (Including Portion Attr. to Minority ) | 10.654 | 19.614 |
| of which related parties | -360 | -1.637 |
| Income Taxes | 3.637 | 4.975 |
| Other Financial Income | -1.100 | -17 |
| Interest Expenses | 3.717 | 3.027 |
| of which related parties | 132 | 0 |
| FX (Gains) and Losses | 241 | -525 |
| (Gain)/Loss on non - current asset Disposals | -148 | -133 |
| Provisions \& write-downs | 224 | 769 |
| Amortisation, depreciation \& write-downs | 16.572 | 12.364 |
| Cash Flow from Operating Activities Before Changes in NWC | 33.796 | 40.075 |
| Change in Inventories | 1.313 | -8.919 |
| Change in Trade and Other Receivables | -19.584 | -1.562 |
| of which related parties | -611 | 0 |
| Change in Trade and Other Payables | -4.966 | -19.038 |
| of which related parties | 36 | -62 |
| Change in Other Assets/Liabilities | 402 | 1.828 |
| of which related parties | 681 | 1.282 |
| Net Interest Expenses paid | -1.593 | -2.586 |
| Income Taxes paid | -713 | -1.769 |
| Change in Provisions for Risks and Charges | -58 | -308 |
| Cash Flow from Operating Activities (A) | 8.597 | 7.721 |
| Investing activities |  |  |
| Investment in Tangible Assets | -30.421 | -22.295 |
| Disposal of Tangible Assets | 183 | 860 |
| Investment in Intangible Assets | -2.319 | -8.334 |
| Disposal of Intangible Assets | 7 | 13 |
| Investment in Right of Use | -2.976 | 0 |
| Business Purchases Aquafil O'Mara | -35.618 | 0 |
| of which Asset | -15.060 | 0 |
| of which Goodwill | -14.040 | 0 |
| of which cash | 112 | 0 |
| of which other assets and liabilities | -6.630 | 0 |
| Disposal of Financial Assets | 0 | -166 |
| Cash Flow used in Investing Activities (B) | -71.144 | -29.923 |
| Financing Activities |  |  |
| Increase in no current Loan and borrowing | 73.000 | 55.000 |
| Decrease in no current Loan and borrowing | -11.320 | -28.364 |
| Net variation in current fiancial Assets and Liability | -1.105 | 744 |
| of which related parties | 2.030 | 0 |
| Dividends Distribution | -12.273 | -12.241 |
| of which related parties | -7.316 | -7.369 |
| Increase (decrease) Share Capital | 0 | 42 |
| Cash Flow from Financing Activities ( C) | 48.301 | 15.181 |
| Net Cash Flow of the Year (A)+(B)+(C) | -14.245 | -7.021 |

## Appendix 5 - Net Financial Debt

| NET FINANCIAL DEBT $\epsilon / 000$ | At June 30, 2019 | At December 31, 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Cash | 89.032 | 103.277 |
| B. Other cash equivalents | - | - |
| C. Securities held-for-trading | - | - |
| D. Liquidity ( $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C}$ ) | 89.032 | 103.277 |
| E. Current financial receivables | 1.525 | 2.878 |
| F. Current bank loans and borrowing | (132) | (96) |
| G. Current portion of non-current loans and borrowing | (47.223) | (35.496) |
| H. Other current loans and borrowing | (10.113) | (3.498) |
| I. Current financial debt (F+G+H) | (57.467) | (39.090) |
| J. Net current financial debt (I + E+ D) | 33.090 | 67.066 |
| K. Non-current bank loans and borrowing | (170.153) | (159.492) |
| L. Bonds issued | (93.182) | (53.578) |
| M. Other non-current loans and borrowing | (33.277) | (11.274) |
| N. Non-current financial debt ( $\mathrm{K}+\mathrm{L}+\mathrm{M}$ ) | (296.612) | (224.344) |
| O. Net financial debt ( $\mathrm{J}+\mathrm{N}$ ) | (263.522) | (157.279) |

