



KPMG S.p.A.
Revisione e organizzazione contabile
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(Translation from the Italian original which remains the definitive version)

Independent auditors' report pursuant to article 14 of Legislative decree no. 39 of 27 January 2010 and article 10 of Regulation (EU) no. 537 of 16 April 2014

To the shareholders of Alkemy S.p.A.

### Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Alkemy Group (the "group"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, the income statement and the statements of comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in shareholders' equity for the year then ended and notes thereto, which include a summary of the significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Alkemy Group as at 31 December 2020 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards endorsed by the European Union and the Italian regulations implementing article 9 of Legislative decree no. 38/05.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA Italia). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of Alkemy S.p.A. (the "parent") in accordance with the ethics and independence rules and standards applicable in Italy to audits of financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.





### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

### Recoverability of the carrying amount of goodwill

Notes to the consolidated financial statements: note "Measurement criteria and accounting policies - Intangible assets - Goodwill", "Measurement criteria and accounting policies - Intangible assets - Impairment" and note 14 "Goodwill"

#### Key audit matter

# The consolidated financial statements at 31 December 2020 include goodwill of €31,755 thousand. The parent's directors allocated goodwill to the cash-generating units ("CGUs") that they identified, namely, the Italy, Spain/Mexico and the Balkans CGUs.

The parent's directors tested the reportingdate carrying amount for impairment by comparing it to the CGUs' recoverable amount. The directors estimated the recoverable amount based on value in use calculated using the discounted cash flow model.

The model is very complex and entails the use of estimates which, by their very nature, are uncertain and subjective about:

- the expected cash flows, calculated by taking into account the general economic performance and that of the group's sector, the actual cash flows for recent years and the projected growth rates;
- the financial parameters used to calculate the discount rate.

For the above reasons, we believe that the recoverability of goodwill is a key audit matter.

### Audit procedures addressing the key audit matter

Our audit procedures included:

- updating our understanding of the process adopted to prepare the impairment test approved by the parent's board of directors;
- understanding the process adopted to prepare the group's 2021-2023 business plan approved by the parent's board of directors from which the expected cash flows used for impairment testing have been derived;
- analysing the reasonableness of the key assumptions used by the parent's directors to prepare the forecasts;
- checking any discrepancies between the previous year business plans' forecast and actual figures, in order to check the accuracy of the estimation process adopted;
- comparing the expected cash flows used for impairment testing to the forecast cash flows and analysing the reasonableness of any discrepancies;
- involving experts of the KPMG network in the assessment of the reasonableness of the impairment testing and related assumptions, including by means of a comparison with external data and information;
- checking the sensitivity analysis presented in the notes in relation to the main assumptions used for impairment testing;
- assessing the appropriateness of the disclosures provided in the notes about goodwill and the related impairment test.





Key audit matter

#### Measurement of put option liabilities

Notes to the consolidated financial statements: note "Measurement criteria and accounting policies - Financial instruments", "Measurement criteria and accounting policies - Financial liabilities" and note 31 "Put option liabilities"

# The consolidated financial statements at 31 December 2020 include put option liabilities of €12,038 thousand, relating to contractual arrangements entitling the non-controlling opti

arrangements entitling the non-controlling investors in a number of investees to sell their equity investments to the group in the next few years. The put options' fair value is remeasured at each reporting date.

The parent's directors measured the fair value by discounting each investee's expected cash flows.

The model is very complex and entails the use of estimates which, by their very nature, are uncertain and subjective about:

- the investees' expected cash flows, calculated by taking into account the general economic performance and that of their sector, the actual cash flows for recent years and the projected growth rates:
- the financial parameters used to calculate the discount rate;
- other variables governed by the individual purchase agreements.

For the above reasons, we believe that the measurement of the put options is a key audit matter.

### Audit procedures addressing the key audit matter

Our audit procedures included:

- updating our understanding of the process adopted to measure the put options' fair value;
- analysing the purchase agreements signed with the non-controlling investors;
- analysing the reasonableness of the assumptions used by the parent's directors to prepare the acquired businesses' forecasts:
- checking any discrepancies between the investees' previous year business plans' forecast and actual figures, in order to check the accuracy of the estimation process adopted;
- comparing the expected cash flows used for measuring fair value to the investees' forecasts and analysing the reasonableness of any discrepancies;
- involving experts of the KPMG network in the assessment of the reasonableness of the fair value measurement model and related assumptions, including by means of a comparison with external data and information;
- assessing the appropriateness of the disclosures provided in the notes about the measurement of put options.

## Responsibilities of the parent's directors and board of statutory auditors ("Collegio Sindacale") for the consolidated financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards endorsed by the European Union and the Italian regulations implementing article 9 of Legislative decree no. 38/05 and, within the terms established by the Italian law, for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.





The directors are responsible for assessing the group's ability to continue as a going concern and for the appropriate use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and for the adequacy of the related disclosures. The use of this basis of accounting is appropriate unless the directors believe that the conditions for liquidating the parent or ceasing operations exist, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The *Collegio Sindacale* is responsible for overseeing, within the terms established by the Italian law, the group's financial reporting process.

### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA Italia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISA Italia, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the group's internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors;
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the group to cease to continue as a going concern;
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation;





— obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance, identified at the appropriate level required by ISA Italia, regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with the ethics and independence rules and standards applicable in Italy and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year and are, therefore, the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report.

### Other information required by article 10 of Regulation (EU) no. 537/14

On 25 June 2019, the parent's shareholders appointed us to perform the statutory audit of its separate and consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ending from 31 December 2019 to 31 December 2027.

We declare that we did not provide the prohibited non-audit services referred to in article 5.1 of Regulation (EU) no. 537/14 and that we remained independent of the parent in conducting the statutory audit.

We confirm that the opinion on the consolidated financial statements expressed herein is consistent with the additional report to the *Collegio Sindacale*, in its capacity as audit committee, prepared in accordance with article 11 of the Regulation mentioned above.

### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

### Opinion pursuant to article 14.2.e) of Legislative decree no. 39/10 and article 123-bis.4 of Legislative decree no. 58/98

The parent's directors are responsible for the preparation of the group's report on operations and report on corporate governance and ownership structure at 31 December 2020 and for the consistency of such reports with the related consolidated financial statements and their compliance with the applicable law.

We have performed the procedures required by Standard on Auditing (SA Italia) 720B in order to express an opinion on the consistency of the report on operations and the specific information presented in the report on corporate governance and ownership structure indicated by article 123-bis.4 of Legislative decree no. 58/98 with the group's consolidated financial statements at 31 December 2020 and their compliance with the applicable law and to state whether we have identified material misstatements.





In our opinion, the report on operations and the specific information presented in the report on corporate governance and ownership structure referred to above are consistent with the group's consolidated financial statements at 31 December 2020 and have been prepared in compliance with the applicable law.

With reference to the above statement required by article 14.2.e) of Legislative decree no. 39/10, based on our knowledge and understanding of the entity and its environment obtained through our audit, we have nothing to report.

## Statement pursuant to article 4 of the Consob regulation implementing Legislative decree no. 254/16

The directors of Alkemy S.p.A. are responsible for the preparation of a consolidated non-financial statement pursuant to Legislative decree no. 254/16. We have checked that the directors had approved such consolidated non-financial statement. In accordance with article 3.10 of Legislative decree no. 254/16, other auditors attested the compliance of the non-financial statement separately.

Milan, 31 March 2021

KPMG S.p.A.

(signed on the original)

Luigi Garavaglia Director of Audit





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Independent auditors' report pursuant to article 14 of Legislative decree no. 39 of 27 January 2010 and article 10 of Regulation (EU) no. 537 of 16 April 2014

To the shareholders of Alkemy S.p.A.

### Report on the audit of the separate financial statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the separate financial statements of Alkemy S.p.A. (the "company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, the income statement and the statements of comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in shareholders' equity for the year then ended and notes thereto, which include a summary of the significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Alkemy S.p.A. as at 31 December 2020 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards endorsed by the European Union and the Italian regulations implementing article 9 of Legislative decree no. 38/05.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA Italia). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the separate financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethics and independence rules and standards applicable in Italy to audits of financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.





### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in the audit of the separate financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

### Recoverability of the carrying amount of goodwill

Notes to the separate financial statements: note "Measurement criteria and accounting policies - Intangible assets - Goodwill", "Measurement criteria and accounting policies - Intangible assets - Impairment" and note 15 "Goodwill"

| Key audit matter   | Audit procedures addressing the key audit matter  |
|--|---|
| The separate financial statements at 31 December 2020 include goodwill of €11,500 thousand.  The directors tested the reporting-date carrying amount for impairment by comparing it to its recoverable amount. The directors estimated the recoverable amount based on value in use calculated using the discounted cash flow model.  The model is very complex and entails the use of estimates which, by their very nature, are uncertain and subjective about:  — the expected cash flows, calculated by taking into account the general economic performance and that of the company's sector, the actual cash flows for recent years and the projected growth rates;  — the financial parameters used to calculate the discount rate.  For the above reasons, we believe that the recoverability of goodwill is a key audit matter. | Our audit procedures included:  — updating our understanding of the process adopted to prepare the impairment test approved by the company's board of directors;  — understanding the process adopted to prepare the 2021-2023 business plan approved by the company's board of directors from which the expected cash flows used for impairment testing have been derived;  — analysing the reasonableness of the key assumptions used by the company's directors to prepare the forecasts;  — checking any discrepancies between the previous year business plans' forecast and actual figures, in order to check the accuracy of the estimation process adopted;  — comparing the expected cash flows used for impairment testing to the forecast cash flows and analysing the reasonableness of any discrepancies;  — involving experts of the KPMG network in the assessment of the reasonableness of the impairment testing and related assumptions, including by means of a comparison wite external data and information;  — checking the sensitivity analysis presented in the notes in relation to the key assumptions used for impairment testing;  — assessing the appropriateness of the disclosures provided in the notes about |





#### Recoverability of the carrying amount of equity investments

Notes to the separate financial statements: note "Measurement criteria and accounting policies - Intangible assets - Investments in subsidiaries, associates and other companies", "Measurement criteria and accounting policies - Intangible assets - Impairment" and note 17 "Equity investments"

#### Key audit matter

# The separate financial statements at 31 December 2020 include equity investments of €16,991 thousand, mainly related to the investments in the subsidiaries Ontwice (€10,205 thousand) and Nunatac S.r.l. (€5,206 thousand).

The directors checked the recoverability of these equity investments, by comparing their carrying amounts with their value in use calculated using the discounted cash flow model

The model is very complex and entails the use of estimates which, by their very nature, are uncertain and subjective about:

- the expected cash flows, calculated by taking into account the general economic performance and that of the company's sector, the actual cash flows for past years and the projected growth rates;
- the financial parameters used to calculate the discount rate.

For the above reasons, we believe that the recoverability of the carrying amount of equity investments is a key audit matter.

### Audit procedures addressing the key audit matter

Our audit procedures included:

- updating our understanding of the process adopted to prepare the impairment test;
- understanding the process adopted to prepare the 2021-2023 business plan approved by the company's board of directors from which the expected cash flows used for impairment testing have been derived:
- analysing the reasonableness of the key assumptions used by the company's directors to prepare the forecasts;
- checking any discrepancies between the previous year business plans' forecast and actual figures, in order to check the accuracy of the estimation process adopted;
- comparing the expected cash flows used for impairment testing to the forecast cash flows and analysing the reasonableness of any discrepancies;
- involving experts of the KPMG network in the assessment of the reasonableness of the impairment testing and related assumptions, including by means of a comparison with external data and information;
- checking the sensitivity analysis presented in the notes in relation to the key assumptions used for impairment testing;

assessing the appropriateness of the disclosures provided in the notes about the recoverability of the carrying amount of equity investments and the related impairment test.





### Responsibilities of the company's directors and board of statutory auditors ("Collegio Sindacale") for the separate financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of separate financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards endorsed by the European Union and the Italian regulations implementing article 9 of Legislative decree no. 38/05 and, within the terms established by the Italian law, for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern and for the appropriate use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements and for the adequacy of the related disclosures. The use of this basis of accounting is appropriate unless the directors believe that the conditions for liquidating the company or ceasing operations exist, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The *Collegio Sindacale* is responsible for overseeing, within the terms established by the Italian law, the company's financial reporting process.

### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the separate financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA Italia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISA Italia, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control:
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors;
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report





to the related disclosures in the separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern:

 evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance, identified at the appropriate level required by ISA Italia, regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with the ethics and independence rules and standards applicable in Italy and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the separate financial statements of the current year and are, therefore, the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report.

### Other information required by article 10 of Regulation (EU) no. 537/14

On 25 June 2019, the company's shareholders appointed us to perform the statutory audit of its separate and consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ending from 31 December 2019 to 31 December 2027.

We declare that we did not provide the prohibited non-audit services referred to in article 5.1 of Regulation (EU) no. 537/14 and that we remained independent of the company in conducting the statutory audit.

We confirm that the opinion on the separate financial statements expressed herein is consistent with the additional report to the *Collegio Sindacale*, in its capacity as audit committee, prepared in accordance with article 11 of the Regulation mentioned above.

### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

### Opinion pursuant to article 14.2.e) of Legislative decree no. 39/10 and article 123-bis.4 of Legislative decree no. 58/98

The company's directors are responsible for the preparation of a report on operations and a report on corporate governance and ownership structure at 31 December 2020 and for the consistency of such reports with the related separate financial statements and their compliance with the applicable law.





We have performed the procedures required by Standard on Auditing (SA Italia) 720B in order to express an opinion on the consistency of the report on operations and the specific information presented in the report on corporate governance and ownership structure indicated by article 123-bis.4 of Legislative decree no. 58/98 with the company's separate financial statements at 31 December 2020 and their compliance with the applicable law and to state whether we have identified material misstatements.

In our opinion, the report on operations and the specific information presented in the report on corporate governance and ownership structure referred to above are consistent with the company's separate financial statements at 31 December 2020 and have been prepared in compliance with the applicable law.

With reference to the above statement required by article 14.2.e) of Legislative decree no. 39/10, based on our knowledge and understanding of the entity and its environment obtained through our audit, we have nothing to report.

Milan, 31 March 2021

KPMG S.p.A.

(signed on the original)

Luigi Garavaglia
Director of Audit